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# CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 MOTHERBOARD FEATURES

#### A. Hardware

#### CPU

- Supports Socket 754.
- Supports AMD Athlon 64 and Sempron processors.
- Supports Front Side Bus up to 1.6G HT.
- AMD 64 architecture enables simultaneous 32 and 64 bit computing.
- Supports HyperTransport Technology and AMD Cool'n'Quiet Technology.

#### **Chipset**

- NVIDIA nForce500:
  - Supports NVIDIA Firewall.
  - Supports 10 USB 2.0 ports.
  - Supports NVIDIA nTune Utility.
  - Supports 1 PCI-Express x16 interface graphics slot.
  - Supports 2 PCI-Express x1 interface slots.
  - Supports 4 SATA ports, each channel up to 1.5Gb/s.
  - Supports NVIDIA RAID f unctions, including RAID 0, RAID 1 and RAID 0+1.
  - Supports 4 IDE disk drives with PIO Mode 5, DMA Mode and Ultra DMA 33/66/100/133 Bus Master Mode.
  - Compliant with AC'97 v ersion 2.3 specification.
  - Complaints with PCI-Express Version 1.a specification.

#### **Operating Systems**

- Supports Windows 2000 and Windows XP. Note: Do not support Windows 98SE and Windows ME.
- Supports SCO UNIX.

#### **Dimensions**

ATX Form Factor: 20.82cm (W) x 29.33cm (L)

#### **On-board IDE**

- 2 on-board connectors support 4 IDE disk drives.
- Supports PIO mode 4, DMA Mode and Ultra DMA 33/66/100/133 bus master mode.

#### **Main Memory**

- Supports Single Channel DDR.
- Supports DDR 266/333/400.
- Maximum memory size is 2GB.

DIMM Socket Location	DDR Module	Total Memor y Size	
DIMM1	128MB/256MB/512MB/1GB*1	Maxis 2 G B.	
DIMM2	128MB/256MB/512MB/1GB*1		

#### Serial ATA

- 4 on-board Serial ATA connectors support 4 serial ATA (SATA) ports.
- Compliant with SATA1.0 specification.
- Data transfer rates up to 1.5Gb/s.
- Supports NVIDIA RAID Technology:
  - RAID 0 disk striping for highest system and application performance
  - RAID 1 disk mirroring support for fault tolerance
  - Support for both SATA and ATA-133 disk controller standards
  - RAID 0+1 disk striping and mirroring for highest performance with fault tolerance

#### Slots

- Four 32bit PCI bus master slots.
- Two PCI-Express x1 slots:
  - PCI Express 1.0a compliant.
  - Bandwidth 250MB/s per direction.
- One PCI-Express x16 slot.
  - PCI Express 1.0a compliant.
  - Maximum theoretical realized bandwidth of 4GB/s simultaneously per direction, for an aggregate of 8GB/s totally.

#### Super I/O

- Chip: ITE IT8712F.
- Low Pin Count Interface.
- Provides the most commonly used legacy Super I/O functionality.
- Environment Control initiatives,
  - H/W Monitor
  - Fan Speed Controller
  - ITE's "Smart Guardian" function

#### **On-board AC'97 Audio Sound Codec**

- Chip: ALC655:
  - Compliant with AC'97 v ersion 2.3 specification.
  - Supports 6 channels audio output.

#### 10/100 LAN

- Chip: RTL8201BL / RTL8201CL
- Supports 10 Mb/s, 100 Mb/s and 1Gb/s auto-negotiation.
- Provides the most commonly used legacy super I/Of unctionality.
- Environment Control initiatives:
  - H/W Monitor,
  - Fan Speed Controller,
  - ITE "Smart Guardian" function.

#### Security

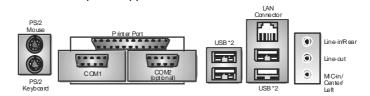
- NVIDIA Firewall technology
  - Nativefirewall solution
- Adv anced features
  - Remote access, configuration, monitoring
  - Command line interface (CLI)
  - WMI scripts.

#### **Internal On-board Connectors and Headers**

- 1 audio-out header supports audio-out facilities.
- 1 front panel header supports front panel facilities.
- 1 CD-in connector supports CD-ROM audio-in function.
- 1 SPDIF-out connector supports digital audio-out function.
- I f loppy connector supports 2 FDD devices with 360K, 720K, 1.2M, 1.44M and 2.88Mbytes.
- 2 IDE connectors support 4 IDE disk drives.
- 3 USB headers support 6 USB 2.0 ports at front panel.
- 4 Serial ATA connectors support 4 SATA devices.

# **Rear (Back Panel) Side Connectors**

- I PS/2 Mouse port and Keyboard port.
- 1 Printer Port.
- I Serial Port. (JCOM2 is optional.)
- 1 RJ-45 LAN jack.
- 4 USB 2.0 Ports.
- 3 audio ports support 6 channels audio-out facilities.



# B. BIOS & Software

# BIOS

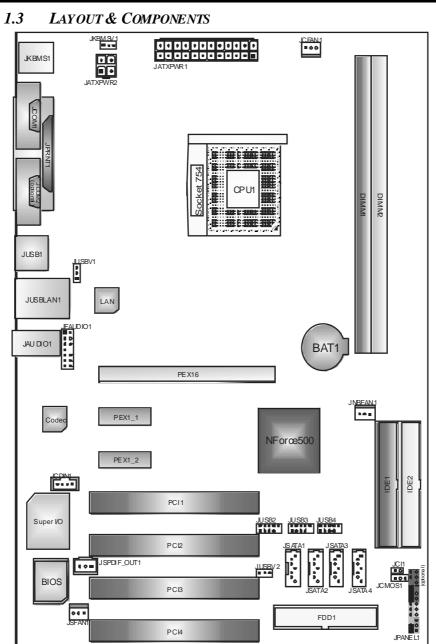
- Award legal BIOS.
- Supports APM1.2.
- Supports ACPI.
- Supports USB Function.

#### **Bundled Software**

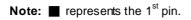
■ Supports 9th Touch<sup>™</sup>, WINFLASHER<sup>™</sup> and FLASHER<sup>™</sup>.

# 1.2 PACKAGE CHECKLIST

- HDD Cable X 1
- User's Manual X 1
- Fully Setup Driver CD X 1
- Rear I/O Panelfor ATX Case X 1
- Serial ATA Cable X 1(optional)
- FDD Cable X 1 (optional)
- S/PDIF Cable X 1 (optional)
- USB 2.0 Cable X1 (optional)
- Serial ATA Power Cable X 1 (optional)

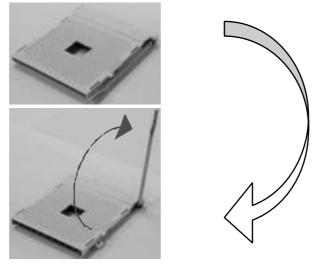




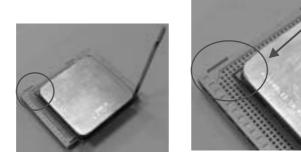


# **CHAPTER 2: HARDWARE INSTALLATION**

- 2.1 CENTRAL PROCESSING UNIT (CPU)
  - **Step 1:** Pull the lever sideways away from the socket and then raise the lever up to a 90-degree angle.

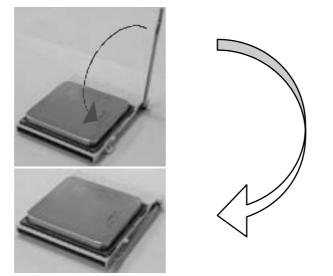


Step 2: Look for the black cut edge on socket, and the white dot on CPU should point forwards this black cut edge. The CPU will fit only in the correct orientation.



6

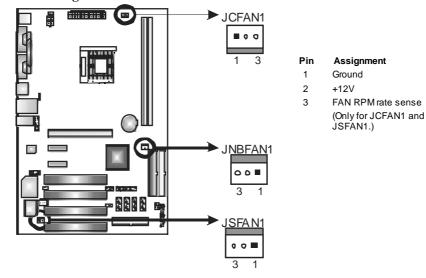
**Step 3:** Hold the CPU down firmly, and then close the lever to complete the installation.



Step 4: Put the CPU Fan on the CPU and buckle it. Connect the CPU FAN power cable to the JCFAN1. This completes the installation.

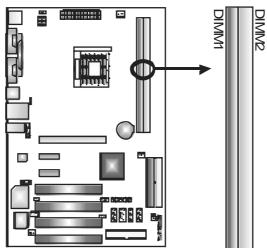
# 2.2 FAN HEADERS

CPU FAN Power Header: JCFAN1 System Fan Power Header: JSFAN1 Northbridge Fan Power Header: JNBFAN1



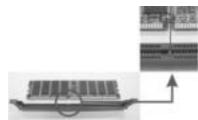
**Note:** The JCFAN1 and JSFAN1 support system cooling fan with Smart Fan Control utility. It supports 3 pin head connector. When connecting with wires onto connectors, please note that the red wire is the positive and should be connected to pin#2, and the black wire is Ground and should be connected to GND.

2.3 MEMORY MODULES INSTALLATION

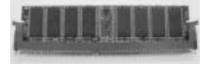


#### DDR Module installation

1. Unlock a DIMM slot by pressing the retaining clips outward. Align a DIMM on the slot such that the notch on the DIMM matches the break on the Slot.



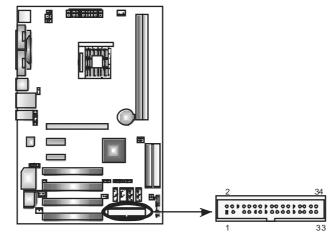
2. Insert the DIMM vertically and firmly into the slot until the retaining chip snap back in place and the DIMM is properly seated.



# 2.4 CONNECTORS & SLOTS

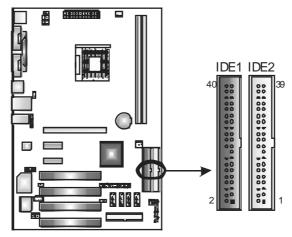
#### Floppy Disk Connector: FDD1

The motherboard provides a standard floppy disk connector that supports 360K, 720K, 1.2M, 1.44M and 2.88M floppy disk types. This connector supports the provided floppy drive ribbon cables.



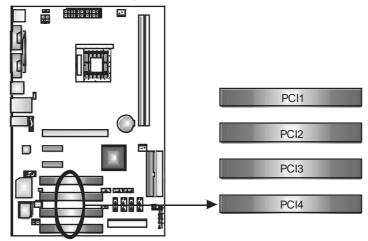
## Hard Disk Connectors: IDE1/IDE2

The motherboard has two 32-bit Enhanced PCI IDE Controller that provides PIO Mode 0~5, Bus Master, and Ultra DMA 33/66/100/133f unctionality. It has two HDD connectors IDE1 (primary) and IDE2 (secondary). The IDE connectors can connect a master and a slave drive, so you can connect up to four hard disk drives. The first hard drive should alway s be connected to IDE1.



## Peripheral Component Interconnect Slots: PCI1~PCI4

This motherboard is equipped with 4 standard PCI slot. PCI stands for Peripheral Component Interconnect, and it is a bus standard for expansion cards. This PCI slot is designated as 32 bits.



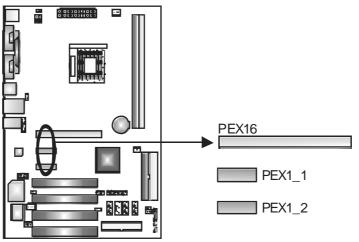
# PCI-Express Slots: PEX16/ PEX1\_1/PEX1\_2

#### PEX16:

- PCI Express 1.0a compliant.
- Maximum bandwidth is up to 4GB/s per direction.

#### **PEX1\_1/PEX1\_2:**

- PCI Express 1.0a compliant.
- Maximum bandwidth is up to 250MB/s per direction.



# **CHAPTER 3: HEADERS & JUMPERS SETUP**

# 3.1 How tosetup Jumpers

The illustration shows how to set up jumpers. When the jumper cap is placed on pins, the jumper is "close", if not, that means the jumper is "open".



Pin opened

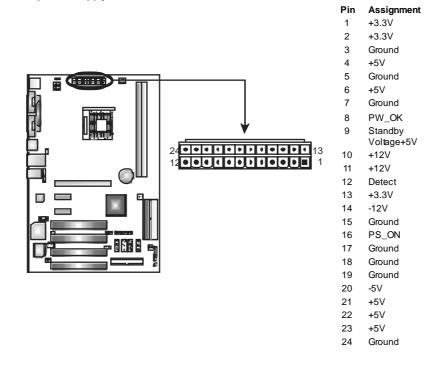


Pin1-2 cl osed

3.2 DETAIL SETTINGS

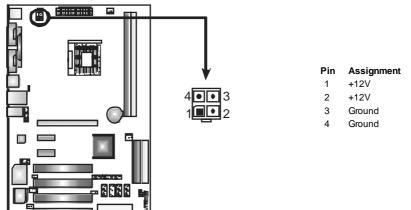
#### **ATX Power Source Connector: JATXPWR1**

This connector allows user to connect 24-pin power connector on the ATX power supply.



#### **ATX Power Source Connector: JATXPWR2**

By connecting this connector, it will provide +12V to CPU power circuit.



#### Power Source Headers for USB Ports: JUSBV1/JUSBV2

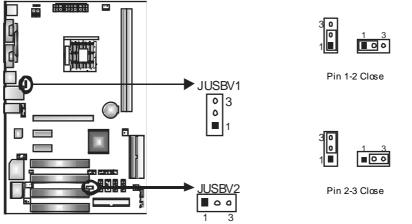
#### Pin 1-2 Close:

JUSBV1: +5V for USB ports at JUSB1 and JUSBLAN1. JUSBV2: +5V for front USB headers (JUSB2/JUSB3/JUSB4).

#### Pin 2-3 Close:

JUSBV1: USB ports at JUSB1 and JUSBLAN1 are powered with +5V standby v oltage.

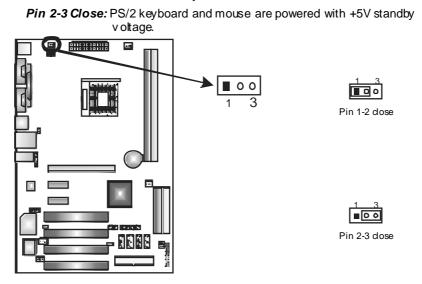
JUSBV2: Front USB headers (JUSB2/JUSB3/JUSB4) are powered with +5V standby voltage.



**Note:** In order to support this function "Power-on system via USB device," "JUSBV1/JUSBV2" jumper cap should be placed on Pin 2-3 individually.

#### Power Source Header for PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse: JKBMSV1

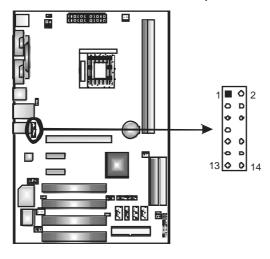
Pin 1-2 Close: +5V for PS/2 key board and mouse.



*Note:* In order to support this function "Power-on system via keyboard and mouse", "JKBMSV1" jumper cap should be placed on Pin 2-3.

#### Front Panel Audio-out Header: JFAUDIO1

This connector will allow user to connect with the front audio out put headers on the PC case. It will disable the output on back panel audio connectors.

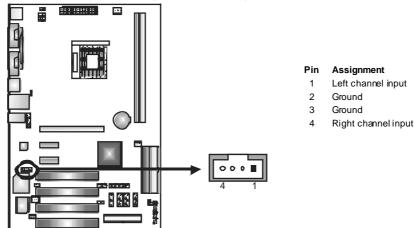


Pin Assignment MIC-in/ 1 Stereo MIC-in R 2 Ground 3 Stereo MIC-in L Audio power 4 5 Right line-out/ Speaker-out Right. Right line-out/ Speaker-out Right 6 7 Reserved 8 Key 9 Left line-out/ Speaker-out Left 10 Left line-out/ Speaker-out Left 11 Right line-in (optional) 12

- Right line-in (optional)
- 13 Left line in (optional) 14
- Left line in (optional)

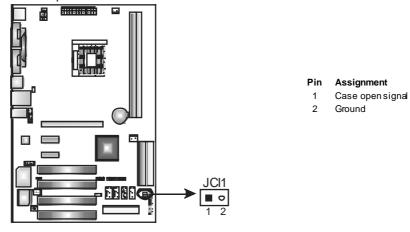
#### **CD-ROM Audio-in Connector: JCDIN1**

This connector allows user to connect the audio source from the variety devices, like CD-ROM, DVD-ROM, PCI sound card, PCI TV turner card etc.



# **Case Open Headers: JCI1**

This connector allows system to monitor PC case open status. If the signal has been triggered, it will record to the CMOS and show the message on next boot-up.



#### Digital Audio-out Connector: JSPDIF\_OUT1

These connectors allow user to connect the PCI bracket SPDIF output or input header.

Pin

1

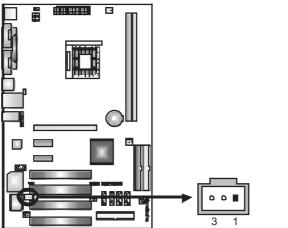
2

3

Assignment +5V

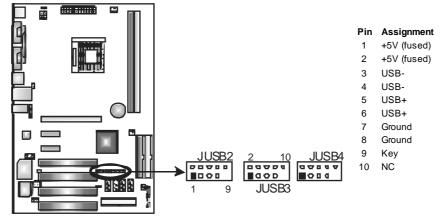
SPDIF OUT

Ground



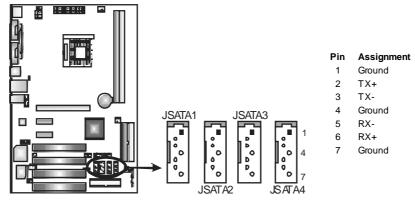
#### Headers for USB Ports at Front Panel: JUSB2~JUSB4

This connector allows user to connect additional USB cables at PC front panel, and also can be connected with internal USB devices, like USB card reader.



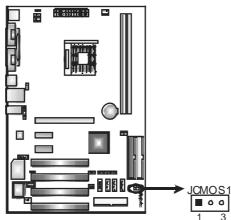
#### Serial ATA Connectors: JSATA1~JSATA4

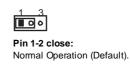
The motherboard has a SATA Controller in nForce500 with 4 channels SATA interface, it satisfies the SATA 1.0 spec and with transfer rate of 1.5Gb/s.



#### JCMOS1: Clear CMOS Header

By placing the jumper on pin2-3, it allows user to restore the BIOS safe setting and the CMOS data, please carefully follow the procedures to avoid damaging the motherboard.





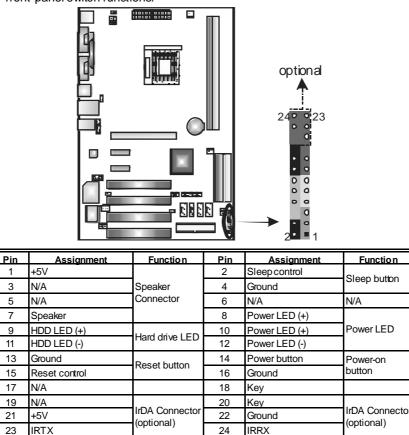


#### **% Clear CMOS Procedures:**

- 1. Remove AC power line.
- 2. Set the jumper to "Pin 2-3 close".
- 3. Waitforfive seconds.
- 4. Set the jumper to "Pin 1-2 close".
- 5. Power on the AC.
- 6. Reset y our desired password or clear the CMOS data.

#### **JPANEL1: Header for Front Panel Facilities**

This 24-pin connector includes Power-on, Reset, HDD LED, Power LED, Sleep button, speaker and IrDA Connection. It allows user to connect the PC case's front panel switch functions.



# **CHAPTER 4: NVIDIA RAID FUNCTIONS**

#### 4.1 **OPERATION SYSTEM**

Supports Windows XP Home/Professional Edition, and Windows 2000 Professional.

#### 4.2 RAID ARRAYS

NVRAID supports the following types of RAID arrays:

**RAID 0:** RAID 0 defines a disk striping scheme that improves disk read and write times for many applications.

**RAID 1:** RAID 1 defines techniques for mirroring data.

**RAID 0+1:** RAID 0+1 combines the techniques used in RAID 0 and RAID 1.

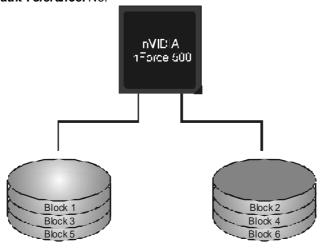
# 4.3 HOW RAID WORKS

## RAID 0:

The controller "stripes" data across multiple drives in a RAID 0 array system. It breaks up a large file into smaller blocks and performs disk reads and writes across multiple drives in parallel. The size of each block is determined by the stripe size parameter, which you set during the creation of the RAID set based on the system environment. This technique reduces overall disk access time and offers high bandwidth.

#### **Features and Benefits**

- **Drives:** Minimum 1, and maximum is up to 6 or 8. Depending on the platform.
- **Uses:** Intended for non-critical data requiring high data throughput, or any environment that does not requiref ault tolerance.
- **Benefits:** provides increased data throughput, especially for large files. No capacity loss penalty for parity.
- **Drawbacks:** Does not deliver any fault tolerance. If any drive in the array fails, all data is lost.
- Fault Tolerance: No.



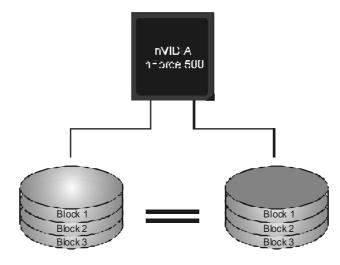
#### RAID 1:

Every read and write is actually carried out in parallel across 2 disk drives in a RAID 1 array system. The mirrored (backup) copy of the data can reside on the same disk or on a second redundant drive in the array. RAID 1 provides a hot-standby copy of data if the active volume or drive is corrupted or becomes unavailable because of a hardware failure.

RAID techniques can be applied for high-availability solutions, or as a form of automatic backup that eliminates tedious manual backups to more expensive and less reliable media.

#### **Features and Benefits**

- Drives: Minimum 2, and maximum is 2.
- Uses: RAID 1 is ideal for small databases or any other application that requires fault tolerance and minimal capacity.
- **Benefits:** Provides 100% data redundancy. Should one drivef ail, the controller switches to the other drive.
- **Drawbacks:** Requires 2 drives for the storage space of one drive. Performance is impaired during drive rebuilds.
- Fault Tolerance: Yes.

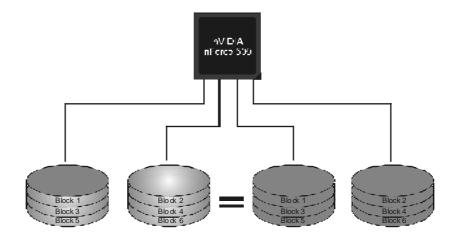


# RAID 0+1:

RAID 0 drives can be mirrored using RAID 1 techniques. Resulting in a RAID 0+1 solution for improved performance plus resiliency.

#### **Features and Benefits**

- **Drives:** Minimum 4, and maximum is 6 or 8, depending on the platform.
- **Benefits:** Optimizes for both fault tolerance and performance, allowing for automatic redundancy. May be simultaneously used with other RAID levels in an array, and allows for spare disks.
- **Drawbacks:** Requires twice the available disk space for data redundancy, the same as RAID level 1.
- Fault Tolerance: Yes.



<sup>%</sup> For more detailed setup information, please refer to the Driver CD, or go to <u>http://www.nvidia.com/page/pg\_20011106217193.htm1</u> to download NVIDIA nForce Tutorial Flash.

# CHAPTER 5: USEFUL HELP

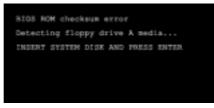
# 5.1 AWARD BIOS BEEP CODE

Beep Sound	Meaning
One long beep followed by two short beeps	Video card not found orvideo card memory bad
High-low siren sound	CPU overheated System will shut down automatically
One Short beep when system boot-up	No error found during POST
Long beeps every other second	No DRAM detected or install

# 5.2 EXTRA INFORMATION

# A. BIOS Update

After you fail to update BIOS or BIOS is invaded by virus, the Boot-Block function will help to restore BIOS. If the following message is shown after boot-up the system, it means the BIOS contents are corrupted.



In this Case, please follow the procedure below to restore the BIOS:

- 1. Make a bootable floppy disk.
- 2. Download the Flash Utility "AWDFLASH.exe" from the Biostar website: <u>www.biostar.com.tw</u>
- 3. Confirm motherboard model and download the respectively BIOS from Biostar website.
- 4. Copy "AWDFLASH.exe" and respectively BIOS into floppy disk.
- 5. Insert the bootable disk into floppy drive and press Enter.
- 6. System will boo-up to DOS prompt.
- 7. Type "Awdflash xxxx.bf/sn/py/r" in DOS prompt.
- 8. System will update BIOS automatically and restart.
- 9. The BIOS has been recovered and will work properly.

## B. CPU Overheated

If the system shutdown automatically after power on system for seconds, that means the CPU protection function has been activated.

When the CPU is over heated, the motherboard will shutdown automatically to avoid a damage of the CPU, and the system may not power on again.

In this case, please double check:

- 1. The CPU cooler surface is placed evenly with the CPU surface.
- 2. CPU fan is rotated normally.
- 3. CPU fan speed is fulfilling with the CPU speed.

After confirmed, please follow steps below to relief the CPU protection function.

- 1. Remove the power cord from power supply for seconds.
- 2. Wait for seconds.
- 3. Plug in the power cord and boot up the system.

Or you can:

- 1. Clear the CMOS data. (See "JCMOS1: Clear CMOS Header" section)
- 2. Wait for seconds.
- 3. Power on the system again.

# 5.3 TROUBLESHOOTING

	Probable		Solution
1. 2.	No power to the system at all Power light don't illuminate, f an inside power supply does not turn on. Indicator light on key board does not turn on.	1. 2. 3.	Make sure power cable is securely plugged in. Replace cable. Contact technical support.
are c	em inoperative. Keyboard lights on, power indicator lights are lit, hard drive is spinning.	DIMŇ	g even pressure on both ends of the /, press down firmly until the module s into place.
	em does not boot from hard disk a, can be booted from optical drive.	1.	Check cable running from disk to disk controller board. Make sure both ends are securely plugged in check the driv e type in the standard CMOS setup.
		2.	Backing up the hard drive is extremely important. All hard disks are capable of breaking down at any time.
Hard can l	em only bootsfrom optical drive. I disk can be read and applications be used but bootingfrom hard disk possible.	1. 2.	Back up data and applications files. Reformat the hard drive. Re-instal applications and data using backup disks.
	en message says "Invalid iguration" or "CMOS Failure."		ew system's equipment. Make sure ct information is in setup.
	not boot system after installing and hard drive.	1. 2.	Set master/slave jumpers correctly. Run SETUP program and select correct drive types. Call the drive manuf acturers f or compatibility with other drives.

# CHAPTER 6: WARPSPEEDER™



## 6.1 INTRODUCTION

[WarpSpeeder<sup>™</sup>], a new powerful control utility, features three user-friendly functions including Overclock Manager, Overvoltage Manager, and Hardware Monitor.

With the Overdock Manager, users can easily adjust the frequency they prefer or they can get the best CPU performance with just one click. The Overvoltage Manager, on the other hand, helps to power up CPU core voltage and Memory voltage. The cool Hardware Monitor smartly indicates the temperatures, voltage and CPU fan speed as well as the chipset information. Also, in the About panel, you can get detail descriptions about BIOS model and chipsets. In addition, the frequency status of CPU, memory, AGP and PCI along with the CPU speed are synchronically shown on our main panel.

Moreover, to protect users' computer systems if the setting is not appropriate when testing and results in system fail or hang, [WarpSpeeder<sup>™</sup>] technology assures the system stability by automatically rebooting the computer and then restart to a speed that is either the original system speed or a suitable one.

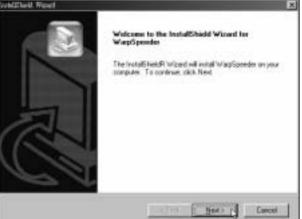
## 6.2 System Requirement

OS Support: Windows 98 SE, Windows Me, Windows 2000, Windows XP DirectX: DirectX 8.1 or above. (The Windows XP operating system includes DirectX 8.1. If you use Windows XP, you do not need to install DirectX 8.1.)

# 6.3 INSTALLATION

1. Execute the setup execution file, and then the following dialog will pop up. Please dick "Next" button and follow the default procedure to install.





 When you see the following dialog in setup procedure, it means setup is completed. If the "Launch the WarpSpeeder Tray Utility" checkbox is checked, the Tray Icon utility and [WarpSpeeder™] utility will be automatically and immediately launched after you dick "Finish" button.



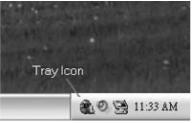
#### Usage:

The following figures are just only for reference, the screen printed in this user manual will change according to your motherboard on hand.

# 6.4 [WARPSPEEDER<sup>TM</sup>] INCLUDES 1 TRAY ICON AND 5 PANELS

# 1. Tray lcon:

Whenever the Tray Icon utility is launched, it will display a little tray icon on the right side of Windows Taskbar.



This utility is responsible for conveniently invoking [WarpSpeeder<sup>™</sup>] Utility. You can use the mouse by clicking the left button in order to invoke [WarpSpeeder<sup>™</sup>] directly from the little tray icon or you can right-click the little tray icon to pop up a popup menu as following figure. The "Launch Utility" item in the popup menu has the same function as mouse left-click on tray icon and "Exit" item will dose Tray Icon utility if selected.



# 2. Main Panel

If you dick the tray icon, [WarpSpeeder<sup>™</sup>] utility will be invoked. Please refer to the following figure; the utility's first window you will see is Main Panel.

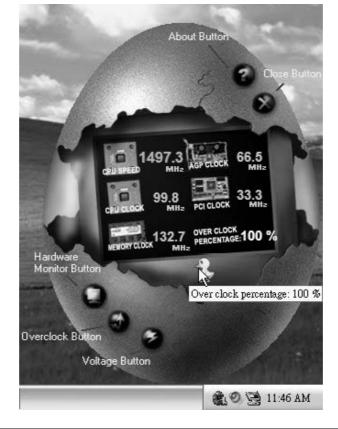
#### Main Panel contains features as follows:

- a. Display the CPU Speed, CPU external clock, Memory dock, AGP dock, and PCI dock information.
- b. Contains About, Voltage, Overclock, and Hardware Monitor Buttons for invoking respective panels.
- c. With a user-friendly Status Animation, it can represent 3 overclock percentage stages:

Man walking-overdock percentage from 100% ~ 110 %

Panther running→overclock percentage from 110% ~ 120%

Car racing→overclock percentage from 120% ~ above



# 3. Voltage Panel

Click the Voltage button in Main Panel, the button will be highlighted and the Voltage Panel will slide out to up as the following figure.

In this panel, you can decide to increase CPU core voltage and Memory voltage or not. The default setting is "No". If you want to get the best performance of overdocking, we recommend you dick the option "Yes".



# 4. Overclock Panel

Click the Overclock button in Main Panel, the button will be highlighted and the Overdock Panel will slide out to left as the following figure.



#### **Overclock Panel contains the these features:**

a. "-3MHz button", "-1MHz button", "+1MHz button", and "+3MHz button": provide user the ability to do real-time overclock adjustment.

#### Warning:

Manually overclock is potentially dangerous, especially when the overclocking percentage is over 110 %. We strongly recommend you verify every speed you overclock by click the Verify button. Or, you can just click Auto overclock button and let [WarpSpeeder™] automatically gets the best result for you.

b. "Recovery Dialog button": Pop up the following dialog. Let user select a restoring way if system need to do a fail-safe reboot.

Recovery Options	×
Please select a recovery option that will decide what kind of restoring you want to do after system fail-cafe reboot.	
Options Group	
C Restore to Hardware Default CPU Clock Value	
F Restore to the Previous Ventied CPU Dock Value	
<u>ak</u> D	

- c. "Auto-overclock button": User can dick this button and [WarpSpeeder<sup>™</sup>] will set the best and stable performance and frequency automatically. [WarpSpeeder<sup>™</sup>] utility will execute a series of testing until system fail. Then system will do fail-safe reboot by using Watchdog function. After reboot, the [WarpSpeeder<sup>™</sup>] utility will restore to the hardware default setting or load the verified best and stable frequency according to the Recovery Dialog's setting.
- d. "Verify button": User can dick this button and [WarpSpeeder<sup>™</sup>] will proceed a testing for current frequency. If the testing is ok, then the current frequency will be saved into system registry. If the testing fail, system will do a fail-safe rebooting. After reboot, the [WarpSpeeder<sup>™</sup>] utility will restore to the hardware default setting or load the verified best and stable frequency according to the Recovery Dialog's setting.

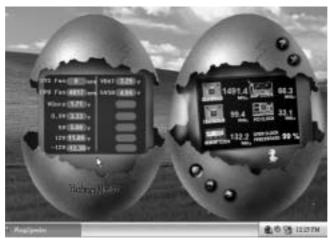
Note:

Because the testing programs, invoked in Auto-overclock and Verify, include DirectDraw, Direct3D and DirectShow tests, the DirectX 8.1 or newer runtime library is required. And please make sure your display card's color depth is High color (16 bit) or True color(24/32 bit) that is required for Direct3D rendering.

## 5. Hardware Monitor Panel

Click the Hardware Monitor button in Main Panel, the button will be highlighted and the Hardware Monitor panel will slide out to left as the following figure.

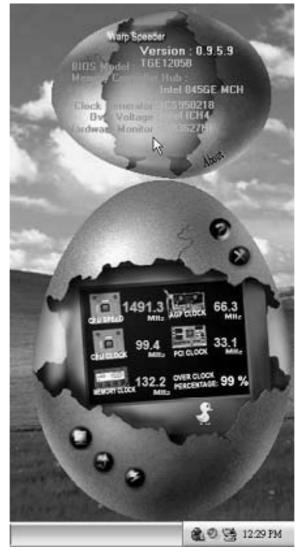
In this panel, you can get the real-time status information of your system. The information will be refreshed every 1 second.



# 6. About Panel

Click the "about" button in Main Panel, the button will be highlighted and the About Panel will slide out to up as the following figure.

In this panel, you can get model name and detail information in hints of all the chipset that are related to overclocking. You can also get the mainboard's BIOS model and the Version number of [WarpSpeeder<sup>TM</sup>] utility.



# Note:

Because the overclock, overvoltage, and hardware monitor features are controlled by several separate chipset, [WarpSpeeder<sup>™</sup>] divide these features to separate panels. If one chipset is not on board, the correlative button in Main panel will be disabled, but will not interfere other panels' functions. This property can make [WarpSpeeder<sup>™</sup>] utility more robust.

2007/01/30

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8 PC Health Status		
9 Frequency/Voltage Control		

# **BIOS Setup**

#### Introduction

This manual discussed Phoenix-Award<sup>TM</sup> Setup program built into the ROM BIOS. The Setup program allows users to modify the basic system configuration. This special information is then stored in battery-backed RAM so that it retains the Setup information when the power is tumed off.

The Phoenix-Award BIOS<sup>TM</sup> installed in your computer system's ROM (Read Only Memory) is a custom version of an industry standard BIOS. This means that it supports Nvidia CK8 – 04 processor input/output system. The BIOS provides critical low-level support for standard devices such as disk drives and serial and parallel ports.

Adding important has customized the Phoenix-Award BIOS<sup>TM</sup>, but nonstandard, features such as virus and password protection as well as special support for detailed fine-tuning of the chipset controlling the entire system.

The rest of this manual is intended to guide you through the process of configuring your system using Setup.

# **Plug and Play Support**

These PHOENIX-AWARD BIOS supports the Plug and Play Version 1.0A specification. ESCD (Extended SystemConfigurationData) write is supported.

#### **EPA Green PC Support**

This PHOENIX-AWARD BIOS supports Version 1.03 of the EPA Green PC specification.

#### **APM Support**

These PHOENIX-AWARD BIOS supports Version 1.1&1.2 of the Advanced Power Management (APM) specification. Power management features are implemented via the System Management Interrupt (SMI). Sleep and Suspend power management modes are supported. Power to the hard disk drives and video monitors can be managed by this PHOENIX-AWARD BIOS.

# **ACPI Support**

Phoenix-Award ACPI BIOS support Version 1.0b of Advanced Configuration and Power interface specification (ACPI). It provides ASL code for power management and device configuration capabilities as defined in the ACPI specification, developed by Microsoft, Intel and Toshiba.

# **PCI Bus Support**

This PHOENIX-AWARD BIOS also supports Version 3.0 of the Intel PCI (Peripheral Component Interconnect) local bus specification.

## **DRAM Support**

DDR SDRAM (Double Data Rate Synchronous DRAM) are supported.

### **Supported CPUs**

This PHOENIX-AWARD BIOS supports the AMD CPU.

# **Using Setup**

In general, you use the arrow keys to highlight items, press  $\leq$ Enter> to select, use the <PgUp> and <PgDn> keys to change entries, press <F1> for help and press <Esc> to quit. The following table provides more detail about how to navigate in the Setup program by using the keyboard.

Keystroke	Function
Up arrow	Move to previous item
Down arrow	Move to next item
Left arrow	Move to the item on the left (menu bar)
Right arrow	Move to the item on the right (menu bar)
Move Enter	Move to the item you desired
PgUp key	Increase the numeric value or make changes
PgDn key	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
+ Key	Increase the numeric value or make changes
- Key	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
Esc key	Main Menu – Quit and not save changes into CMOS Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu – Exit Current page and return to Main Menu
F1 key	General help on Setup navigation keys
F5 key	Load previous values from CMOS
F7 key	Load the optimized defaults
F10 key	Save all the CMOS changes and exit

# 1 Main Menu

Once you enter Phoenix-Award BIOS<sup>TM</sup> CMOS Setup Utility, the Main Menu will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select from several setup functions. Use the arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept and enter the sub-menu.

# !! WARNING !!

The information about BIOS defaults on manual (Figure 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9) is just for reference, please refer to the BIOS installed on board, for update information.

# ■ Figure 1. Main Menu

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility		
<ul> <li>▶ Standard CMOS Features</li> <li>▶ Advanced BIOS Features</li> <li>▶ Advanced Chipset Features</li> <li>▶ Integrated Peripherals</li> <li>▶ Power Management Setup</li> </ul>	▶ Frequency/Voltage Control Load Optimized Defaults Set Supervisor Password Set User Password Save & Exit Setup	
<ul> <li>PnP/PGI Configurations</li> <li>PC Health Status</li> </ul>	Exit Without Saving Upgrade BIOS	
Esc : Quit ↑↓→← : Select Item F10 : Save & Exit Setup		
Time, Date, Hard Disk Type		

# **Standard CMOS Features**

This submenu contains industry standard configurable options.

## **Advanced BIOS Features**

This submenu allows you to configure enhanced features of the BIOS.

## **Advanced Chipset Features**

This submenu allows you to configure special chipset features.

## **Integrated Peripherals**

This submenu allows you to configure certain IDE hard drive options and Programmed Input/Output features.

#### **Power Management Setup**

This submenu allows you to configure the power management features.

## **PnP/PCI** Configurations

This submenu allows you to configure certain "Plug and Play" and PCI options.

## PC Health Status

This submenu allows you to monitor the hardware of your system.

## **Voltage Control**

This submenu allows you to change CPU Vcore Voltage and CPU/PCI clock. (However, this function is strongly recommended not to use. Not properly change the voltage and clock may cause the CPU or M/B damage!)

## Load Optimized Defaults

This selection allows you to reload the BIOS when the system is having problems particularly with the boot sequence. These configurations are factory settings optimized for this system. A confirmation message will be displayed before defaults are set.



#### Set Supervisor Password

Setting the supervisor password will prohibit everyone except the supervisor from making changes using the CMOS Setup Utility. You will be prompted with to enter a password.



## Set User Password

If the Supervisor Password is not set, then the User Password will function in the same way as the Supervisor Password. If the Supervisor Password is set and the User Password is set, the "User" will only be able to view configurations but will not be able to change them.



# Save & Exit Setup

Save all configuration changes to CMOS(memory) and exit setup. Confirmation message will be displayed before proceeding.



# **Exit Without Saving**

Abandon all changes made during the current session and exit setup. confirmation message will be displayed before proceeding.

Quit Without Saving (Y/N)? N

# **Upgrade BIOS**

This submenu allows you to upgrade bios.

BIOS UPDATE UTILITY (Y/N)? N

# **2 Standard CMOS Features**

The items in Standard CMOS Setup Menu are divided into 10 categories. Each category includes no, one or more than one setup items. Use the arrow keys to highlight the item and then use the PgUp> or PgDn> keys to select the value you want in each item.

# ■ Figure 2. Standard CMOS Setup

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility Standard CMOS Features			
Date (mm:dd:yy) Time (hh:mm:ss)	Tue, Sep 28 1999 9 : 37 : 37	Item Help	
	1.31.31	Menu Level 🕨	
<ul> <li>► IDE Channel Ø Master</li> <li>► IDE Channel Ø Slave</li> <li>► IDE Channel 1 Master</li> <li>► IDE Channel 1 Slave</li> </ul>		Change the day, month, year and century	
Drive A Drive B	[1.44M, 3.5 in.] [None]		
Video Halt On	[EGA/UGA] [All , But Keyboard]		
Base Memory Extended Memory Total Memory	640K 65472K 1024K		
†↓→+:Move Enter:Select +, F5:Previous Valu		ESC:Exit F1:General Help ized Defaults	

# Main Menu Selections

This table shows the selections that you can make on the Main Menu.

Item	Options	Description
Date	mm : dd : yy	Set the system date. Note that the 'Day' automatically changes when you set the date.
Time	hh : mm : ss	Set the system internal clock.
IDE Primary Master	Options are in its sub menu.	Press <enter> to enter the sub menu of detailed options</enter>
IDE Primary Slave	Options are in its sub menu.	Press <enter> to enter the sub menu of detailed options.</enter>
IDE Secondary Master	Options are in its sub menu.	Press <enter> to enter the sub menu of detailed options.</enter>
IDE Secondary Slave	Options are in its sub menu.	Press <enter> to enter the sub menu of detailed options.</enter>
Driv e A Driv e B	360K, 5.25 in 1.2M, 5.25 in 720K, 3.5 in 1.44M, 3.5 in 2.88M, 3.5 in None	Select the type of floppy disk drive installed in your system.
Video	EGA/VGA CGA 40 CGA 80 MONO	Select the default video device.

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Item	Options	Description
Halt On	All Errors	Select the situation in which
	No Errors	y ou want the BIOS to stop
	All, but Key board	the POST process and
	All, but Diskette	notify you.
	All, but Disk/ Key	
Base Memory	N/A	Displays the amount of
		conventional memory
		detected during boot up.
Extended Memory	N/A	Displays the amount of
		extended memory detected
		during boot up.
Total Memory	N/A	Displays the total memory
		available in the system.

# **3 Advanced BIOS Features**

■ Figure 3. Advanced BIOS Setup

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Util Advanced BIOS Feature	
► Cache Setup [Press Enter]	Item Help
▶ Boot Seg & Floppy Setup [Press Enter] Uius Warning [Disabled] Quick Power On Self Test [Enabled] Boot Up NumLock Status [On] Gate A20 Option [Past] Typematic Rate Setting [Disabled] × Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec) 6 × Typematic Delay (Msec) 250 Security Option [Setup] APIC Mode [Enabled] MPS Version Control For OS(1.4] OS Select For DRAM > 64MB [Non-OS2] Summary Screen Show [Enabled]	Menu Level ►
†↓++:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F10:Sa F5:Previous Values F7: (	ave ESC:Exit F1:General Help Dptimized Defaults

Cache Setup

	Phoenix — Awa	rdBIOS CMOS Set Cache Set		
	ernal Cache 1 Cache	[Enabled] [Enabled]	I	tem Help
LAUFFIN	i Gatine	LEHAD16UJ	Menu Leve	≥1 ►►
t↓++:Move	Enter:Select +/ F5:Previous Valu		ESC:Exit l ized Defaul	F1:General Help lts

These BIOS attempt to load the operating system from the device in the sequence selected in these items.

# **CPU Internal Cache**

Depending on the CPU/chipset in use, you may be able to increase memory access time with this option.

Enabled (default)	Enable cache.
Disabled	Disable cache.

#### **External Cache**

This option enables or disables "Level 2" secondary cache on the CPU, which may improve performance. **Enabled** (default) Enable cache. Disabled Disable cache.

# Boot Seq & Floppy Setup

	lBIOS CMOS Setup Uti bot Seq & Floppy Set	
<ul> <li>Hard Disk Boot Priority First Boot Device Second Boot Device Third Boot Device Boot Other Device</li> <li>Swap Floppy Drive Boot Up Floppy Seek</li> </ul>	[Press Enter] [Floppy] [Hard Disk] [CDROM] [Enabled] [Disabled] [Enabled]	Iten Help Menu Level →→ Select Hard Disk Boot Device Priority
†↓→+:Move Enter:Select +/ F5:Previous Value		ave ESC:Exit F1:General Help Optimized Defaults

Hard Disk Boot Priority

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility Hard Disk Boot Priority	
1. Pri.Master:	Item Help
2. Pri.Slave : 3. Sec.Master: 4. Sec.Slave : 5. USBHDDØ : 6. USBHDD1 : 7. USBHDD2 : 8. Bootable Add-in Cards	Menu Level ++++ Use <f> or &lt;1&gt; to select a device , then press &lt;+&gt; to move it up , or &lt;-&gt; to move it down the list. Press <esc> to exit this menu.</esc></f>
t↓:Move PU/PD/+/-:Change Priority F10:Sa	we ESC:Exit

F5:Previous Values F6:Fail-Safe Defaults F7:Optimized Defaults These BIOS attempt to load the operating system from the device in the

These BIOS attempt to load the operating system from the device in the sequence selected in these items.

The Choices: Pri. Master, Pri. Slave, Sec. Master, Sec, Slave, USBHDD0, USB HDD1, USB HDD2, and Bootable Add-in Cards.

#### First/ Second/ Third/ Boot Other Device

These BIOS attempt to load the operating system from the devices in the sequence selected in these items. **The Choices:** Floppy, LS120, HDD-0, SCSI, CDROM, HDD-1, HDD-2, HDD-3, ZIP 100, LAN, Disabled.

#### **Swap Floppy Drive**

For systems with two floppy drives, this option allows you to swap logical drive assignments.

The Choices: Disabled (default), Enabled.

#### **Boot Up Floppy Seek**

Enabling this option will test the floppy drives to determine if they have 40 or 80 tracks. Disabling this option reduces the time it takes to boot-up. **The Choices: Enabled** (default), Disabled.

## Virus Warning

This option allows you to choose the Virus Warning feature that is used to protect the IDE Hard Disk boot sector. If this function is enabled and an attempt is made to write to the boot sector, BIOS will display a warning message on the screen and sound an alarmbeep.

Disabled (default)	Virus protection is disabled.	
Enabled	Virus protection is activated.	

### **Quick Power On Self Test**

Enabling this option will cause an abridged version of the Power On Self-Test (POST) to execute after you power up the computer.

Enabled (default)	Enable quick POST.
Disabled	Normal POST.

## **Boot Up NumLock Status**

Selects the NumLock. State after power on.

**On** (default) Off Numpad is number keys. Numpad is arrow keys.

## Gate A20 Option

Select if chipset or keyboard controller should control Gate A20. Normal A pin in the keyboard controller controls Gate A20. Fast (default) Lets chipset control Gate A20.

## **TYPEMATIC RATE SETTING**

When a key is held down, the keystroke will repeat at a rate determined by the keyboard controller. When enabled, the typematic rate and typematic delay can be configured. The Choices: Disabled (default), Enabled.

# **TYPEMATIC RATE (CHARS/SEC)**

Sets the rate at which a keystroke is repeated when you hold the keydown. **The Choices: 6** (default), 8,10,12,15,20,24,30

# **TYPEMATIC DELAY (MSEC)**

Sets the delay time after the key is held down before it begins to repeat the keystroke. **The Choices: 250** (default), 500, 750, and 1000.

# **Security Option**

This option will enable only individuals with passwords to bring the system online and/or to use the CMOS Setup Utility.

System	A password is required for the system to boot and is
~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	also required to access the Setup Utility.
Setup (default)	A password is required to access the Setup Utility
	only.

This will only apply if passwords are set from the Setup main menu.

# APIC MODE

Selecting Enabled enables APIC device mode reporting from the BIOS to the operating system. **The Choices: Enabled** (default), Disabled.

#### **MPS Version Control For OS**

The BIOS supports version 1.1 and 1.4 of the Intel multiprocessor specification. Select version supported by the operation system running on this computer. **The Choices: 1.4** (default), 1.1.

# OS Select For DRAM > 64MB

A choice other than Non-OS2 is only used for OS2 systems with memory exceeding 64MB. The Choices: Non-OS2 (default), OS2.

#### Summary Screen Show

This itemallows you to enable/ disable display the Summary Screen Show. The Choices: Disabled, Enabled (default).

# **4 Advanced Chipset Features**

This submenu allows you to configure the specific features of the chipset installed on your system. This chipset manage bus speeds and access to system memory resources, such as DRAM. It also coordinates communications with the PCI bus. The default settings that came with your system have been optimized and therefore should not be changed unless you are suspicious that the settings have been changed incorrectly.

## ■ Figure 4. Advanced Chipset Setup

	ardBIOS CMOS Setup Ut: Advanced Chipset Featu	
CPU Frequency	[200]	Item Help
HT Frequency HT Width Err94 Enh > DRAM Configuration CPU Spread Spectrum SATA Spread Spectrum PCIE Spread Spectrum SSE/SSE2 Instructions System BIOS Cacheable	[4x] [4t6 f16] [Auto] [Press Enter] [Center Spread] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Disabled]	Menu Level ►
†↓→←:Move Enter:Select F5:Previous Va		ave ESC:Exit F1:General Help Optimized Defaults

## **CPU Frequency**

This itemallows you to select the CPU Frequency.

The Choices: 200.0 (default), and other choices from 200 to 300, with an interval of 1.

## **HT Frequency**

This itemallows you to select the HT Frequency. **The Choices: 4X** (default) ,1X, 2X, 3X.

# <u>HT Width</u>

This item allows you to control the utilized width of the outgoing side of the HyperTransport link.

#### Err94 Enh

This itemallows you to enable/disable the "sequential Prufetch Feature" of K8 CPU. **The Choices: Auto (default),** Disabled, Enabled.

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#### **DRAM** Configuration

Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Se DRAM Configu	
Timing Mode [Manual] Memclock index value (Mhz)[200Mhz]	Item Help
CASH latency (Tcl) [2.5] CASH latency (Tcl) [2.5] Min RASH active time(Tras)[8T] RASH to CASH delay (Trcd)[4T] Row precharge Time (Trp) [2T] Row to Row delay (Trrd)[2T]	Menu Level →>
†↓→+:Move Enter:Select +/-/PU/PD:Value F5:Previous Values	F10:Save ESC:Exit F1:General Help F7: Optimized Defaults

#### **Timing Mode**

The Choices: Manual (default), Auto.

## Memclock index value(Mhz)

**The Choices:** 100Mhz, 133Mhz, 166Mhz, **200Mhz**(default), 216Mhz, 233Mhz, 250Mhz.

CAS# Latency This field specify the cas#latency, i.e. cas#to read datavalid. The Choices: CL=25 (Default), CL=3.0, CL=2.0

#### Min RAS# active time (tRAS)

This field specifies the minimum RAS# active time. Typically -45-60 Nsec. **The Choices:** Auto, 5T, 6T, 7T, **8T**(Default), 9T, 10T, 11T, 12T, 13T, 14T, 15T.

### RAS# to CAS# Delay (tRCD)

This field specifies the RAS# to CAS# Delay to read/write command to the same bank. Typically -20 Nsec. **The Choices:** Auto, 2T, 3T, **4T**(Default), 5T, 6T, 7T.

#### Row precharge Time (tRP)

This field specifies the Row precharge Time. Precharge to Active or Auto-Refresh of the same bank. Typically 20-24 Nsec. **The Choices:** Auto, **2T**(Default), 3T, 4T, 5T, 6T, 7T.

## Row to Row delay<Trrd>

The Choices: 2T(Default), 3T, 4T, Auto.

### CPU Spread Spectrum

The Choices: Center Spread (default), Disabled.

### SATA Spread Spectrum

This itemallows you to disable \enable the SATA spread spectrum function. **The Choices: Disabled** (default), Down Spread.

## PCIE Spread Spectrum

This itemallows you to disable \enable the SATA spread spectrum function. **The Choices: Disabled** (default), Down Spread.

## **SSE/SSE2** Instructions

The Choices: Enabled (default), Disabled.

### System BIOS Cacheable

Selecting the "Disabled" option allows caching of the system BIOS ROM at F0000h-FFFFFh which can improve system performance. However, any programs writing to this area of memory will cause conflicts and result in system errors.

The Choices: Disabled (default), Enabled.

# **5 Integrated Peripherals**

■ Figure 5. Integrated Peripherals

P.		S CMOS Setup Utility grated Peripherals		
► IDE Function		ress Enter]	Item	Help
<ul> <li>▶ RAID Config</li> <li>▶ Onboard Dev</li> <li>▶ Onboard 10/</li> <li>IDE HDD Blo</li> </ul>	ice [P: Address [P:	ress Enter] ress Enter] ress Enter] nabled]	Menu Level	×
	er:Select +/-/PU/ Previous Values		ESC:Exit F1:0 ized Defaults	General Help

# **IDE Function Setup**

Phoenix - Award	dBIOS CMOS Set IDE Function		
OnChip IDE ChannelØ Primary Master PIO Primary Slave PIO Primary Slave UDMA OnChip IDE Channel1 Secondary Master PIO Secondary Slave PIO Secondary Slave UDMA Secondary Slave UDMA IDE DMA transfer access Serial-ATA A Serial-ATA B IDE Prefetch Mode	[Enabled] [Auto] [Auto] [Auto] [Auto] [Auto] [Auto] [Auto] [Auto] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled] [Enabled]	Iten Menu Level	Help ►►
†↓→+:Move Enter:Select +/- F5:Previous Value		SC:Exit F1: ized Defaults	General Help

If you highlight the literal "Press Enter" next to the "IDE Function Setup" label and then press the enterkey, it will take you a submenu with the following options:

### **OnChip IDE Channel 0/1**

The motherboard chipset contains a PCI IDE interface with support for two IDE channels. Select "Enabled" to activate the first and/or second IDE interface. Select "Disabled" to deactivate an interface if you are going to install a primary and/or secondary add-in IDE interface. **The Choices: Enabled** (default), Disabled.

#### Primary / Secondary / Master / Slave PIO

The IDE PIO (Programmed Input / Output) fields let you set a PIO mode (0-4) for each of the IDE devices that the onboard IDE interface supports. Modes 0 to 4 will increased performance progressively. In Auto mode, the system automatically determines the best mode for each device.

The Choices: Auto (default), Mode0, Mode1, Mode2, Mode3, Mode4.

#### Primary / Secondary / Master / Slave UDMA

Ultra DMA/100 functionality can be implemented if it is supported by the IDE hard drives in your system As well, your operating environment requires a DMA driver (Windows 95 OSR2 or a third party IDE bus master driver). If your hard drive and your system software both support Ultra DMA/100, select Auto to enable BIOS support.

The Choices: Auto (default), Disabled.

# IDE DMA Transfer Access

The Choices: Enabled (default), Disabled.

# Serial-ATA A

Enables support for Serial-ATA A. **The Choices: Enabled** (default), Disabled

Serial-ATA B Enables support for Serial-ATA B. The Choices: Enabled (default), Disabled

IDE Prefetch Mode The Choices: Enabled (default), Disabled.

#### **RAID** Configuration

<ul> <li>x IDE Primary Master RAID Disabled</li> <li>x IDE Primary Slave RAID Disabled</li> <li>x IDE Secndry Master RAID Disabled</li> <li>x IDE Secndry Slave RAID Disabled</li> <li>x SATA A Primary RAID Disabled</li> <li>x SATA A Secondary RAID Disabled</li> <li>x SATA B Primary RAID Disabled</li> <li>x SATA B Secondary RAID Disabled</li> <li>x SATA B Secondary RAID Disabled</li> </ul>	IDE Primary				
	IDE Secndry S SATA A Prima: SATA A Secon SATA B Prima:	Master RAID Slave RAID ry RAID dary RAID ry RAID	Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled	Menu Level	<b>F</b> F

#### **RAID** Enable

The Choices: Disabled (default), Enabled.

### **ONBOARD DEVICE**

	Phoenix — Aw	ardBIOS CMOS Set Onboard De			
OnChip U		[01.1+02.0]	 It	em Help	
USB Mous AC97 Auc MAC Lan	Lan Boot ROM	[Disabled] [Disabled] [Auto] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Enabled]	Menu Leve	i1 ►►	
t∔→←:Move	Enter:Select F5:Previous Va	+/-/PU/PD:Value lues	ESC:Exit F ized Defaul		Help

### OnChip USB

This option should be enabled if your system has a USB installed on the system board. You will need to disable this feature if you add a higher performance controller. **The Choices: V1.1+V2.0** (default), Disabled, V1.1

**USB keyboard Support** Enables support for USB attached keyboard. **The Choices: Disabled** (default), Enabled

USB Mouse Support Enables support for USB attached mouse. The Choices: Disabled (default), Enabled

AC97 Audio

This option allows you to control the onboard AC97 audio. **The Choices: Auto** (default), Disabled.

MAC LAN

This option allows you to change the state of the onboard MAC LAN. **The Choices: Auto** (Default), Disabled.

### **Onboard LAN BootROM**

This itemallows you to enable or disable Onboard LAN Boot ROM. **The Choices: Disabled** (default), Enabled.

#### **Onboard 1394**

This item allows you to enable or disable the Onboard 1394 Controller. **The Choices: Enabled** (default), Disabled.

**ONBOARD IO/Address** 

Phoenix - Award	dBIOS CMOS Set Onboard IO/A			
Onboard FDC Controller Onboard Serial Port 1 Onboard IR Function UART Mode Select UR2 Duplex Mode Onboard Parallel Port		Ite Menu Level	em Help L ⊧⊧	
Parallel Port Mode ECP Mode Use DMA				
†↓→+:Move Enter:Select +/- R5:Preujous Halus		ESC:Exit F1		Help

## **Onboard FDC Controller**

Select Enabled if your system has a floppy disk controller (FDC) installed on the system board and you wish to use it. If install and FDC or the system has no floppy drive, select Disabled in this field. **The Choices: Enabled (default),** Disabled.

#### **Onboard Serial Port 1**

Select an address and corresponding interrupt for the first and second serial ports.

The Choices: Disabled, **3F8/IRQ4** (default), 2F8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3, Auto.

#### **Onboard IR Function**

The Choices: Disabled (default), Enabled.

#### **UART Mode Select**

This item allows you to determine which Infra Red (IR) function of onboard I/O chip.

The Choices: Normal, AS KIR, IrDA(default).

### **UR2** Duplex Mode

Select the value required by the IR device connected to the IR port. Full-duplex mode permits simultaneous two-direction transmission. Half-duplex mode permits transmission in one direction only at a time. **The Choices: Half (default),** Full.

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### **Onboard Parallel Port**

This itemallows you to determine access onboard parallel port controller with which I/O Address. **The Choices: 378/IRQ7 (def ault),** 278/IRQ5, 3BC/IRQ7, Disabled.

#### Parallel Port Mode

The default value is SPP.The Choices:SPP(default)Using Parallel port as Standard Printer Port.EPPUsing Parallel Port as Enhanced Parallel Port.ECPUsing Parallel port as Extended Capabilities Port.ECP+EPPUsing Parallel port as ECP & EPP mode.

ECP Mode Use DMA Select a DMA Channel for the port. The Choices: 3 (default), 1.

# **IDE HDD Block Mode**

Block mode is also called block transfer, multiple commands, or multiple sector read / write. If your IDE hard drive supports block mode (most new drives do), select Enabled for automatic detection of the optimal number of block mode (most new drives do), select Enabled for automatic detection of the optimal number of block read / write per sector where the drive can support. **The Choices: Enabled** (default), Disabled.

# 6 Power Management Setup

The Power Management Setup Menu allows you to configure your system to utilize energy conservation and power up/power down features.

ACPI function	[Enabled] [S1(POS)]	Item Help
POWER ON Function KB Power ON Password	User Define] [DPMS Support] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] [Disabled] 0 14 : 0 : 17 [BUTTON ONLY] [Enter] [Ctrl-Fi]	Menu Level ►

# **ACPI function**

This item displays the status of the Advanced Configuration and Power Management (ACPI).

The Choices: Enabled (default), Disabled.

# **ACPI Suspend Type**

The item allows you to select the suspend type under the ACP I operating system.The Choices: S1 (POS) (default)Power on SuspendS3 (STR)Suspend to RAMS1+S3POS+STR

## Power Management

This category allows you to select the type (or degree) of power saving and is directly related to the following modes:

1.HDD PowerDown.

2.Suspend Mode.

There are four options of Power Management, three of which have fixed mode settings Min. Power Saving

> Minimum power management. Suspend Mode = 1 hr. HDD Power Down = 15 min

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Max. Power Saving

Maximu m power management only available for sl CPU's. Suspend Mode = 1 min. HDD Power Down = 1 min.

## User Define (default)

Allows you to set each mode individually. When not disabled, each of the ranges are from 1 min. to 1 hr. except for HDD Power Down which ranges from 1 min. to 15 min. and disable.

## Video Off Method

This option determines the manner in which the monitor is goes blank. V/H SYNC+Blank

> This selection will cause the system to turn off the vertical and horizontal synchronization ports and write blanks to the video buffer. Blank Screen

This option only writes blanks to the video buffer. **DPMS** (default)

Initial display power management signaling. The Choices: Stop Grant, PwrOn Suspend.

## HDD Power Down

When enabled, the hard disk drive will power down and after a set time of system inactivity. All other devices remain active.

**The Choices: Disabled** (default), 1 Min, 2 Min, 3 Min, 4 Min, 5 Min, 6 Min, 7 Min, 8 Min, 9 Min, 10 Min, 11 Min, 12 Min, 13 Min, 14 Min, 15 Min.

## Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN

Pressing the power button for more than 4 seconds forces the system to enter the Soft-Off state when the system has "hung." The Choices: Delay 4 Sec, Instant-Off (default).

## WOL (PME#) From Soft-Off

The Choices: Disabled (default), Enabled.

#### WOR (RI#) From Soft-Off

The Choices: Disabled (default), Enabled.

# USB Resume from S3

The Choices: Disabled (default), Enabled.

### Power-On by Alarm

When you select Enabled, an alarm returns the system to Full ON state. **The Choices: Disabled (default)**, Enabled.

### **Power on Function**

This option allows you to choose the different function to power on the computer. **The Choices: Button Only** (default), Hot Key ,Password, Mouse Move, Mouse Click, Any Key, Keyboard 98.

#### KB Power ON Password

Input password and press Enterto set the Keyboard poweron password.

## Hot Key Power on

This option allows you to choose a hot key to power on. **The Choices: Ctrl-F1** (default), Ctrl-F2, Ctrl-F3, Ctrl-F4, Ctrl-F5, Ctrl-F6, Ctrl-F7, Ctrl-F8

# **POWER After PWR-Fail**

This setting specifies whether your system will reboot after a power fail or interrupts occurs.

Off Leaves the computer in the power offstate.

On Reboots the computer.

Former-Sts Restores the system to the status before power failure or interrupt occurs. **The Choices: Off** (default), On, Former-Sts.

# 7 PnP/PCI Configurations

This section describes configuring the PCI bus system PCI, or Personal Computer Interconnect, is a system which allows I/O devices to operate at speeds nearing the speed of the CPU itself uses when communicating with its own special components. This section covers some very technical items and it is strongly recommended that only experienced users should make any changes to the default settings.

## Figure 7. PnP/PCI Configurations

	OS CMOS Setup Utility PPCI Configurations		
Init Display First [ Reset Configuration Data [	PCI Slot] Disabled]	Iten	Help
Resources Controlled By [ × IRQ Resources PCI/UGA Palette Snoop [	Auto (ESCD)] Press Enter Disabled]	Menu Level	×
Init Display First [ Reset Configuration Data [ Resources Controlled By [ × IRQ Resources PCI/UGA Palette Snoop [ ** PCI Express relative ite Maximum Payload Size [	ins *** :40961		
1↓→+:Move Enter:Select +/-/P F5:Previous Values		SC:Exit F1:( ized Defaults	General Help

#### **Init Display First**

With systems that have multiple video cards, this option determines whether the primary display uses a PCI Slot or an AGP Slot.

The Choices: PCI Slot (default), PCI EX.

## **Reset Configuration Data**

The system BIOS supports the PnP feature which requires the system to record which resources are assigned and protects resources from conflict. Every peripheral device has a node, which is called ESCD. This node records which resources are assigned to it. The system needs to record and update ESCD to the memory locations. These locations (4K) are reserved in the system BIOS. If the Disabled (default) option is chosen, the system's ESCD will update only when the new configuration varies from the last one. If the Enabled option is chosen, the system is forced to update ESCDs and then is automatically set to the "Disabled" mode. The above settings will be shown on the screen only if "Manual" is chosen for the resources controlled by function. Legacy is the term, which signifies that a resource is assigned to the PCI Bus or provides for ISA PnP add-on cards and peripherals.

The Choices: Disabled (default), Enabled.

## **Resources Controlled By**

By Choosing "Auto(ESCD)" (default), the system BIOS will detect the system resources and automatically assign the relative IRQ and DMA channel for each peripheral.By Choosing "Manual", the user will need to assign IRQ & DMA for add-on cards. Be sure that there are no IRQ/DMA and I/O port conflicts.

# **IRQ Resources**

This submenu will allow you to assign each system interrupt a type, depending on the type of device using the interrupt. When you press the "Press Enter" tag, you will be directed to a submenu that will allow you to configure the system interrupts. This is only configurable when "Resources Controlled By" is set to "Manual".

IRQ-3	assigned to	PCI Device
IRQ-4	assigned to	PCI Device
IRQ-5	assigned to	PCI Device
IRQ-7	assigned to	PCI Device
IRQ-9	assigned to	PCI Device
IRQ-10	assigned to	PCI Device
IRQ-11	assigned to	PCI Device
IRQ-12	assigned to	PCI Device
IRQ-14	assigned to	PCI Device
IRQ-15	assigned to	PCI Device

# PCI / VGA Palette Snoop

Choose Disabled or Enabled. Some graphic controllers which are not VGA compatible take the output from a VGA controller and map it to their display as a way to provide boot information and VGA compatibility.

However, the color information coming from the VGA controller is drawn from the palette table inside the VGA controller to generate the proper colors, and the graphic controller needs to know what is in the palette of the VGA controller. To do this, the non-VGA graphic controller watches for the Write access to the VGA palette and registers the snoop data. In PCI based systems, where the VGA controller is on the PCI bus and a non-VGA graphic controller is on an ISA bus, the Write Access to the palette will not show up on the ISA bus if the PCI VGA controller responds to the Write.

In this case, the PCI VGA controller should not respond to the Write, it should only snoop the data and permit the access to be forwarded to the ISA bus. The non-VGA ISA graphic controller can then snoop the data on the ISA bus. Unless you have the above situation, you should disable this option.

**Disabled** (default) Enabled Disables the function. Enables the function.

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Maximum Payload Size Set the maximum payload size for Transaction packets (TLP). The Choice: 4096 (default),128, 256, 512, 1024, 2048.

# 8 PC Health Status

■ Figure 8. PC Health Status

Phoenix - Award	BIOS CMOS Set PC Health S		
Chassis Open Warnning	[Disabled]	Item	Help
Shutdown Temperature CPU FAN Control by Show H/W Monitor in POST CPU Ucore NB/SB Uolt + 3.3 U + 5.0 U +12.0 U 5U(SB) Uoltage Battery CPU Temp Current CPU FAN Speed Current SYS FAN Speed	(Disabled) [Always ON] [Enabled]	Menu Level	*
†↓→+:Move Enter:Select +/- F5:Previous Value		ESC:Exit F1:0 ized Defaults	General Help

# **Chassis Open Warning**

This itemallows you to enable or disable Chassis Open Warning beep. **The Choices: Disabled** (Default), Enabled.

### Shutdown Temperature

This item allows you to set up the CPU shutdown Temperature. This item only effective under Windows 98 ACPI mode. **The Choices: Disabled** (default),  $60^{\circ}$ C/140F,  $65^{\circ}$ C/149F,  $70^{\circ}$ C/158F,.

#### **CPU FAN Control**

The Choice "smart" can make your CPU FAN to reduce noice. The Choices: Always On (default), Smart.

# Show H/W Monitor in POST

If your computer contains a monitoring system, it will show PC health status during POST stage. The item offers several delay time for you to choose. **The Choices: Enabled** (default), Disabled.

## CPU Vcore/NB/SB Volt/ +3.3V/ +5.0V/ +12.0V/5V<SB>/ Voltage Battery

Detect the system's voltage status automatically.

# CPU Temperature

This field displays the current temperature of the CPU.

# Current CPU FAN Speed

This field displays the current speed of CPU fan.

# Current SYS FAN Speed

This field displays the current speed SYSTEM fan.

# 9 Frequency/Voltage Control

# ■ Figure 9. Frequency/Voltage Control

	Phoenix – Au	vardBIOS CMOS Set Frequency/Voltag			
	Spec Voltage **		Item	Help	
Hammer Vi	ld control id control ige Regulator	[StartUp] [StartUp] [Default]	Menu Level	•	
	nter:Select 5:Preuious Ha	+/-/PU/PD:Value	ESC:Exit F1: ized Defaults		Help

# CPU Spec Voltage

The Choices: 1.300V(default)

#### Hammer Fid Control

This itemallows you to set different CPU voltage. **The Choices: StartUp** (default), and other choices from X4 800Mhz to X25 5000Mhz. with an interval of X1 200 Mhz.

# Hammer Vid Control

This itemallows you to set different CPU frequency. **The Choices: StartUp** (default), and other choices from 1.725V to 0.900V, with an interval of 0.025V.

#### **DDR Voltage Regulator**

This itemallows you to set different DDR voltage. **The Choices: Default**(default), 2.70V, 2.80V, 2.90V.

Note: Please refer to AMD CPU version.